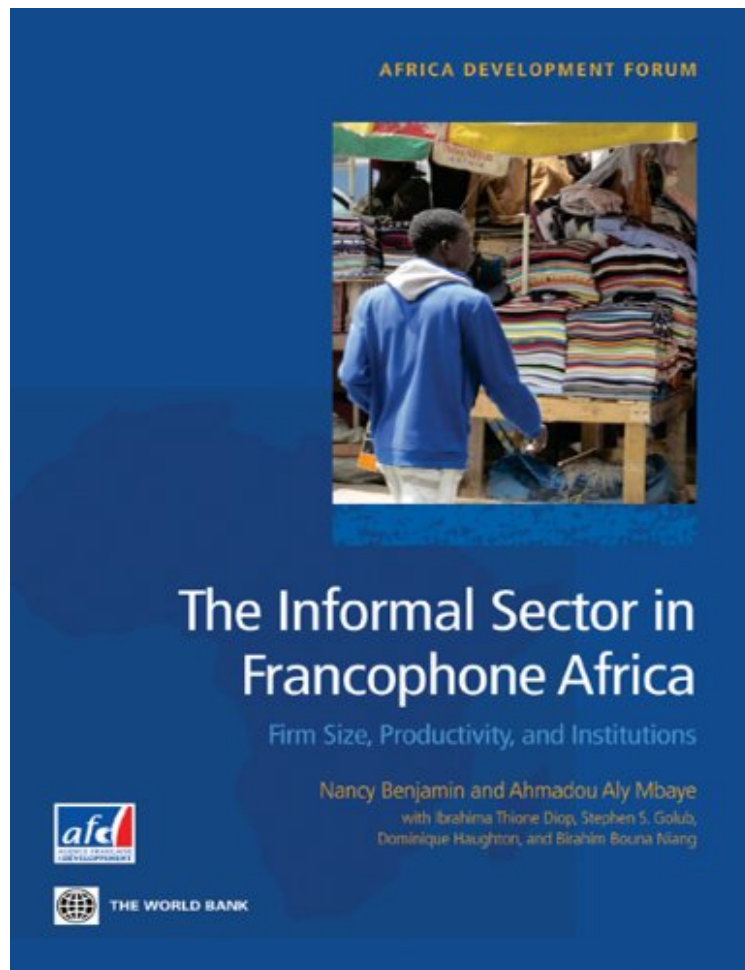


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The Informal Sector in Francophone Africa (Africa Development Forum)

Dominique Haughton, Nancy Benjamin, Ahmadou Aly Mbaye, Ibrahima Thione Diop, Stephen S. Golub, Birahim Bouna Niang

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Dominique Haughton, Nancy Benjamin, Ahmadou Aly Mbaye, Ibrahima Thione Diop, Stephen S. Golub, Birahim Bouna Niang : The Informal Sector in Francophone Africa (Africa Development Forum) before purchasing it in order to gauge whether or not it would be worth my time, and all praised The Informal Sector in Francophone Africa (Africa Development Forum):

The informal sector in West Africa has some distinctive characteristics. Informality usually connotes small and unorganized producers operating on the fringes of the formal economy. In West African countries, however, the normal situation is to some extent reversed: a dynamic informal sector dominates the stagnant formal economy. Moreover, in these countries, small operators coexist with very large and politically well-connected informal

enterprises and well-organized networks. Notwithstanding its importance, there have been relatively few systematic studies of this dual feature of the informal sector in West Africa, and consequently too little is known about it. One of our hypotheses is that determinants and appropriate policy responses are likely to differ between "larger" and "smaller" informal operations. This volume focuses on the urban informal sector in three capital cities: Dakar (Senegal), Cotonou (Benin) and Ouagadougou (Burkina Faso). These three countries have important differences and as a group, are quite representative of francophone West Africa and to a lesser extent West Africa as a whole. The authors use a mix of quantitative and qualitative approaches with data obtained from our new Bank surveys of 900 firms in the three cities, interviews with knowledgeable stakeholders and participants, and all available secondary data. For the surveys, the authors designed their sampling strategy to include three distinctive categories of firms: formal, small informal, and large informal. In addition, they developed a comprehensive definition of informality to reflect its complexity and heterogeneity. The definition (Chapter 1) covers six components of informality, whereas previous definitions are generally limited to a binary classification based on one or two indicators. The results for West Africa corroborate many findings from earlier studies, particularly for small informal firms. In addition, the authors break new ground by shedding light on the large informal sector and the influence of institutional and socio-cultural factors in shaping the informal sector.

'The dynamism of the informal sector in Africa is obvious to the casual observer. Yet the sector is neglected in the policy discourse. One reason is that we have insufficient systematic information and analysis of the informal sector-its contribution to the economy and the constraints it faces. This is particularly the case for Francophone Africa. This volume fills this important gap in the literature. Using primary data from original firm surveys and a range of other information sources, the study tells about the characteristics of actors, tax collections and the informal sector, the productivity of informal firms, and more. It will be useful to researchers and policy makers alike as they consider policy interventions to improve the integration of this vital sector into the economy as a whole.' --Ravi Kanbur, T.H. Lee Professor of World Affairs, International Professor of Applied Economics, Cornell University

'The informal sector plays a major role in Africa's development. This book gives an excellent analysis of this sector. The study uses an innovative methodology to better understand the informal sector, a key driver of development in West Africa.' --Hakim Ben Hammouda, Special Adviser to the President, African Development Bank

'The originality and strength of the present work by Benjamin and Mbaye is not only to approach informality as a continuum of characteristics, but also to encompass the role of large informal firms, religious networks, and cross-border trade networks, with empirically based methods of enterprise surveys.' --Jacques CHARMES, Emeritus Research Director, Institut de Recherches pour le Développement (France)